#### **PSYCHOLOGY EXAMINATION**

#### PART I: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

15 MARKS

1.	The process of gradually acquiring certain skills and feelings as the child grows up is referred to
	as: -

- a) Growth.
- b) Heredity.
- c) Milestone.
- d) Development.
- 2. The part of the mind where the censored materials are kept is the:
  - a) Conscious mind.
  - b) Pre conscious mind.
  - c) Subconscious mind.
  - d) Unconscious mind.
- 3. The field of psychology that deals with diagnosis and treatment of mental disorders is:
  - a) Clinical.
  - b) Developmental.
  - c) Experimental.
  - d) Personality.
- 4. The psychological theory that views that people have free will and potential for self-actualization is:
  - a) Behaviourism.
  - b) Psychodynamic theory.
  - c) Cognitive theory.
  - d) Humanism.
- 5. Psychomotor learning:
  - a) Includes acquisition of physical skills.
  - b) Includes ability to think & form mental concepts.
  - c) Includes ability to express emotions.
  - d) Takes place later in life i.e. after 70 years.

### 6. A recall of events that occurred over the past few hours or days are stored in which type of memory?

- a) Immediate memory.
- b) Recent past memory
- c) Recent memory.
- d) Remote memory.

#### 7. A psychologist whose inters lays on reasoning, problem solving and memory is probably a: -

- a) Historical psychologist.
- b) Clinical psychologist.
- c) Educational psychologist.
- d) Cognitive psychologist.

#### 8. During repression as a mental defense mechanism:-

- a) The individual demonstrates an attitude of hostility resulting from frustration.
- b) Painful, frightening, or threatening emotions, memories, impulses or drives that are subconsciously pushed or "stuffed" deep inside.
- c) Painful, frightening, or threatening emotions, memories, impulses or drives that are consciously pushed or "stuffed" inside.
- d) An individual substitutes unacceptable suppressed type of behavior for another more acceptable form.

#### 9. Homeostasis as a motivation theory suggests that:-

- a) Human behaviour is determined by two basic forces i.e. the life and death instincts.
- b) It is essential that the body maintains a constant internal environment for its optimum functioning.
- c) Tension builds up in an organism in response to certain needs which are necessary.
- d) An organism is likely to engage in a certain type of behavior if it were **rewarded** following food-seeking behaviour.

## 10. Pavlov demonstrated that dogs could be conditioned to salivate in response to new stimulus such as ringing a bell followed by food for several times. In this case, the unconditioned stimulus is:-

- a) The food.
- b) The bell.
- c) Act of salivation.
- d) The dog.

# 11. In Psychology, 'psyche' is a Greek word meaning:a) Soul.

- b) Study.
- c) Attitude.
- d) The mind.
- 12. The first psychology laboratory was established by:
  - a) JB Watson.
  - b) Wilhelm Wundt.
  - c) Aristotle.
  - d) Socrates.
- 13. Which two disciplines provided foundations for the field of psychology?
  - a) Philosophy and physiology.
  - b) Sociology and philosophy.
  - c) Physiology and sociology.
  - d) Physiology and theology.
- 14. How did Wilhelm Wundt define psychology?
  - a) The scientific study of the unconscious.
  - b) The scientific study of the conscious experience.
  - c) Scientific study of behaviour.
  - d) Scientific study of the brain.
- 15. For question 15, indicate whether the statement is TRUE (T) or FALSE (F):
  - a) Psychoanalytic theory was developed by Abraham Maslow.
  - b) J.B. Watson believed that observable behavior was the only reliable source of information.

#### PART II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

15 MARKS

1. Explain two (2) types of intrapersonal conflicts. 4 marks

2. Apart from Repression, state three (3) mental defense mechanisms.

3 marks

3. State the eight (8) stages of development by Erick Erickson. **8 marks** 

#### Question one (1): -

Psychological care is a vital constituent of holistic management of every patient.

a) Discuss the classical conditioning theory and its application in our socio and professional lives.
 b) Explain the structure of personality according to Sigmund Freud.
 c) Explain two (2) reasons for studying Growth & Development.
 4 marks